





MINISTRY OF AYUSH COMPILED MEDIA REPORT 05 Jan, 2025

🗐 Total Mention 49

🗄 Print	Financial	Mainline	Regional	Periodical
7	N/A	6	1	N/A
Online				

42



🗄 Print

No	Newspaper	Headline	Edition	Pg
1.	The Indian Express	LIGO to Ayurveda, 'nuclear man' believed in research to solve societal problems	Delhi	9
2.	The Sunday Guardian	CAG REPORT REVEALS DISMAL STATE OF HEALTH CARE IN MP	Delhi	4
3.	The Statesman	PM to launch multiple development projects worth over Rs 12,000 crore in Delhi today	Delhi	5
4.	The Hindu	A vision for healthcare in India	Hyderabad	6
5.	The Hindu	Villages will play a key role in realising dream of Viksit Bharat, says Prime Minister	Hyderabad	8
6.	Yugmarg	Free dialysis facility will be available with Ayushman card	Chandigarh	3
7.	Navbharat Times	Ayuved Sanshtan ki adharshila rakhnge	Delhi	1





The Indian Express • 05 Jan • Ministry of Ayush LIGO to Ayurveda, 'nuclear man' believed in research to solve societal problems

9 • PG

400 • Sqcm

655470 • AVE

388.5K • Cir

Middle Left

Delhi

SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY PAYS TRIBUTE TO PRINCIPAL SCIENTIFIC ADVISOR R CHIDAMBARAM

LIGO to Ayurveda, 'nuclear man' believed in research to solve societal problems also in the broader cross-section

ANJALI MARAR& AMITABH SINHA PUNE, NEW DELHI, JANUARY 4

DR R CHIDAMBARAM is mainly remembered for his contribu tion to the development of India's nuclear programme and the two nuclear tests in Pokhran in 1974 and 1998, but he was also the originator of several initiatives in other scientific streams

that he believed were crucial to India's economic development. As Principal Scientific Advisor (2001-2018), Chidambaram, who died in Chidambaram, who died in Mumbai Saturday, set up the National Knowledge Network for high-speed connectivity to educational and research insti-tutions, besides establishing ru-ral technological best torige at

ral technology laboratories at several engineering colleges.

He backed several mega sci-ence projects, including the National Supercomputing Mission, or the mission on quan-

tum technologie And he also pushed for the de-velopment of cleaner and more efficient thermal power plants, backed research in Ayurveda, and set up a platform for interaction between academia and industry

on research and development in the automobile sector. R A Mashelkar, former DG of CSIR, said Chidambaram was "in fact a very interesting Principal Scientific Advisor".

"Of course, he would forever be known as the nuclear man, and rightly so. But look at what he was doing elsewhere. The intervention in Ayurveda, for example. It was an idea originally proposed by Dr MS Valiathan, and Chidambaram began implementing it. It was about understanding the biology of Ayurveda. He funded a number of projects that looked at integrating Avurveda with modern med-

icine," said Mashelkar. "Similar were his initiatives on climate change or rural tech-nologies. He was a believer in di-



Then Prime Minister Atal Bihari Vajpayee, then DRDO chief A PJ Abdul Kalam and R Chidambaram, then AEC Chairman, during a visit to Pokhran on May 20, 1998. Archiv

rected research, meaning scien-Mashelkar added. tific research should be directed towards a purpose and objective, solving societal problems, and serving peoples' needs," Chidambaram believed it was important for India to have all-round development. In a book he co-authored with fellow nu-

clear scientist Suresh Gangotra last year, he wrote, "I have always said that national development and national security are two sides of the same coin. Development without security is vulnerable; security without de-velopment is meaningless." "The India of my dreams has always been one which is eco-nomically developed, scientifi-cultur advanced and militarity cally advanced and militarily

strong. Our technology needs range from nuclear and space to rural development," he wrote. After his stint as PSA ended, Chidambaram continued to maintain and attend an office at Bhaintain and attend an office at Bha-bha Atomic Research Centre in Mumbai, where he was quite ac-tive in meeting and talking to stu-dents and scientists. Former ISRO chief K Kasturi-

rangan remembered Chidambaram as one of his "finest and val-ued colleagues". "His talents spread across several areas of sci-ence, technology development and planning. He played a crucial Wave Observatory (LIGO) India, the Indian node in the global netrole in moving India to higher pedestals of achievements th-rough his extraordinary insights. His absence is sure to be felt not only in scientific community but work of labs to probe the universe. Working closely with the PSA office when LIGO India was at the proposal stage, Tarun

also in the broader cross-section of intellectual society," he said. Former CSIR DG Shekhar Ma-nde said Chidambaram's extre-mely endearing personality was alsoone of the reasons why his advice was valued and he could work so closely with so many PMs across the political spectrum. "He rose through the ranks yet remained simple and grounded. I remember while serving as the

travel to the LIS to attend a confer-

Raman Re search Institute and former LIGO India Spokesperson (Science), recalled invaluable guidance the project had re-ceived from Chidambaram.

ceived from Chidambaram. Soon after receiving the Union Cabinet's in-principle ap-proval came in 2016 (it got full approval in April 2023), the UGO India team had called on PM Narendra Modi, "Prior to the meating. De Chidambaram and PSA, he was once denied a visa to meeting. Dr Chidambaram met us at the guest house. He guided us in finalising the presentation and accompanied us throughout the meeting. His interest and unence on crystallography, his main specialisation. But he chose not to make an issue out of it, and no one nane anssteouton it anthone came to know. It was that kind of simplicity," Mande said. A key project which saw through during Chidambaram's tenure as PSA was the Laser Interferometer Gravitational Wave Obsenzatory (IICO) India

the meeting. His interest and un-derstanding of science was deep. He belonged to a generation of science projects in India," Souradeep recalled. Ajit Kumar Mohanty, Sceret-ary of the Department of Atomic nergy, said. "Dr Chidambaram was a doyen of science and tech-nology, whose contributions fur-thered India's nuclear prowess and strategic self-reliance.."





The Sunday Guardian • 05 Jan • Ministry of Ayush CAG REPORT REVEALS DISMAL STATE OF HEALTH CARE IN MP

4 • PG

377 • Sqcm

194311 • AVE

380K • Cir

Top Left

Delhi

CAG REPORT REVEALS DISMAL STATE OF HEALTH CARE IN MP

There is a shortage of 22,845 healthcare workers across institutions due to unfilled sanctioned posts.

ABHINANDAN MISHRA

A recently released report by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India on public health infrastructure and management of health services in Madhya Pradesh, which is based on the audit done from 2017-18 to 2021-22, has brought out in public how officials and public representatives failed to do their job.

The 350 pages plus audit report, tabled in the state assembly on 18 December, has revealed glaring shortcomings, including the presentation of a false certificate to claim that a centrally funded medical center was completed when, in reality, the construction was still ongoing.

Among others, the report has found that there is a shortage of 22,845 healthcare workers across institutions due to unfilled sanctioned posts, particularly in Primary Health Centers (PHCs), Community Health Centers (CHCs), and Sub Health Centers (SHCs).

Trauma care centers are not operating in 26 districts. Key outpatient (OPD) and inpatient (IPD) services are unavailable or incomplete in multiple hospitals. Essential OPD services are missing in hospitals, and there is a critical shortage of medical equipment, including X-ray machines, diagnostic tools, and surgical instruments. Drugs and consumables are either in short supply or mismanaged. Essential drugs for respiratory, cardiac, reproductive, and emergency care are missing in several District Hospitals (DHs).

Similarly, it found that while India made significant progress in reducing the Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR), achieving a 45.51% reduction from 178 in 2012to 97 in 2020, Madhya Pradesh lagged behind significantly, reducing its MMR by only 24.78% during the same period, from 230 to 173.

In terms of child health, India set a target to reduce the under-five mortality rate to at least 25 per 1,000 live births by 2030. However, in Madhya Pradesh, this rate



stood at 49.2 per 1,000 live births in 2020-21.

Additionally, the state government failed to achieve 100% vaccination coverage for newborns, with the vaccination rates for Measles and DPT standing at just 13% and 0.12% respectively between 2017-2022. As a result, the target of fullimmunization for children under five years was not met, as even zero-day immunization for newborns was not fully accomplished.

Due to non-functioning of outdated machines, more than 27,000 cancer patients could not get treatment of Cobalt therapy in government run hospitals in state capital Bhopal.

The state during this audit period was headed by Shivraj Singh Chouhan and then Congress's Kamal Nath as the Chief Minister who served as the CM from December 2018 to March 2020.

The shortcomings highlighted in the audit report are largely attributed to long-term neglect and inefficiency. These issues stem from the actions or lack thereof of those in positions of power, specifically the health ministers, bureaucrats, and the Chief Minister prior to the audit. Union agriculture minister Shivraj Singh Chouhan, served as the Chief Minister of Madhya Pradesh from December 2008 to December 2023, with the exception of a 15-month period when Kamal Nath was in office.

One of the most glaring

examples of how the babus and netas have swindled public money can be seen from how regarding an ongoing project in Trauma Care Center (TCCC) at the Gajra Raja Medical College (GRMC) in Gwalior, Madhya Pradesh. As per the Project Implementation Unit completion date of TCCC was mentioned as 17-09-2020, however, the work had yet to be completed. Further during joint physical inspection (June 2022), the audit noticed that civil work for the establishment of TCCC was not completed.

During the audit, records maintained at the Directorate of Health Services (DHS), Directorate of Medical Education (DME), National Health Mission. AYUSH (Avurved, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy) and Madhya Pradesh Public Health Service Corporation Limited (MPPHSCL) were examined. Records of three Government Medical Colleges and its attached hospitals, 10 CMHOs, 10 DHs, 10 District Health Societies, EightCHs, 20CHCs,

20 PHCs, five Government Ayurvedic Colleges, 10 District AYUSH Offices (four District AYUSH Hospitals and 39 dispensaries), Government Autonomous Homoeopathic College and Hospital, Bhopal and Hakim Saiyad Ziaul Hasan Government Autonomous Unani College and Hospital, Bhopal were also examined. Further statistical information was also collected from all the 51 districts of the State.

The CAG held its exit conference with the state government officials on 2 November 2023 with the Additional Chief Secretary, PH&FWD, Medical Education Department and Commissioner. Department of AYUSH wherein the audit findings were discussed with the Government and replies of audit observations were sought. The Public Health and Family Welfare Department furnished a partial reply while the AYUSH Department did not share any response with the CAG.

For in-deptb article visit bttps:// sundayguardianlice.com/

Taitva



The Statesman • 05 Jan • Ministry of Ayush PM to launch multiple development projects worth over Rs 12,000 crore in Delhi today

5 • PG

477 • Sqcm

85867 • AVE

225K • Cir

Middle Center

Delhi

PM to launch multiple development projects worth over ₹12,000 crore in Delhi today

STATESMAN NEWS SERVICE

NEW DELHI, 4 JANUARY

Prime Minister Narendra Modi will inaugurate and lay the foundation stone of multiple development projects worth over Rs 12,200 crore on Sunday in Delhi, which is expected to go to the polls in February.

He will also undertake a ride in Namo Bharat Train from Sahibabad RRTS Station to New Ashok Nagar RRTS Station.

Marking a significant milestone in enhancing regional connectivity, the PM will inaugurate the 13 km stretch of Delhi-Ghaziabad-Meerut Namo Bharat corridor between Sahibabad and New Ashok Nagar, worth around Rs 4,600 crore.

With this inauguration, Delhi will get its first Namo Bharat connectivity. This will significantly ease travel



between Delhi and Meerut and benefit millions of people through high-speed and comfortable travel along with unmatched safety and reliability.

The PM will also inaugurate the 2.8 km stretch between Janakpuri and Krishna Park of Delhi Metro Phase-IV worth around Rs 1,200 crore. This will be the first stretch of Delhi Metro Phase-IV to be inaugurated. The areas ofWestDelhisuchasKrishna Park, parts of Vikaspuri, Janakpuri, among others, will be benefitted.

The PM will lay the foundation stone of the 26.5 km Rithala-Kundli section of Delhi Metro Phase-IV, worth around Rs 6,230 crore. This corridor will connect Rithala in Delhi to Nathupur (Kundli) in Haryana, significantly enhancing connectivity in the North-Western parts of Delhi and Haryana.

Key areas to benefit include Rohini, Bawana, Narela, and Kundli, improving access to residential, commercial, and industrial zones. Once operational, it will facilitate travel across Delhi, Haryana, and Uttar Pradesh through the extended Red Line.

He will also lay the foundation stone for the new state-of-the-art building for the Central Ayurveda Research Institute (CARI) at Rohini, New Delhi, to be constructed at a cost of around Rs 185 crore.

The campus will provide state of art healthcare and medicine infrastructure. The new building will house the Administrative Block, OPD Block, IPD Block, and a dedicated Treatment Block, ensuring an integrated and seamless healthcare experience for patients and researchers alike.



The Hindu • 05 Jan • Ministry of Ayush A vision for healthcare in India

6 • PG

634 • Sqcm

956.08K • Cir

Top Center

Hindu Magazine

Hyderabad

R.V. Ramani

ealth development is an integral part of social development. In a vast country such as India. there is a huge need for healthcare. Government alone cannot meet this demand. Therefore, it becomes obligatory on the part of non-governmental, voluntary and private institutions to supplement its

202761 • AVE

efforts. Looking at the vast canvas, one rightly feels India has come a long way. But still there are miles to go. Health indices since 1947 give us ample reasons to feel happy. At the time of Independence, the average life expectancy was 32 in India; today it is 72. In 1947, infant mortality rate was 160 for every 1,000 babies born. Today it is 24. The maternal mortality rate (MMR) was 2,000 per 1,00,000 live births. Now, it is 97, better than hee birns. Now, it is 37, better than the global average of 158. And since 2005, India has showed a 77% decline in MMR, steeper than the 43% at the world level. We are looking at the glass as half full, instead of saying half empty. Nevertheless, our ultimate goal is to ensure that the glass is full and brimming. India's healthcare system has

primary, secondary and tertiary levels. The coordination among them is far from satisfactory. There is a strong imbalance in rural India. Unavailable, unaffordable and inaccessible healthcare of quality has put rural India on the back foot. A well-thought-out,

well-coordinated and strongly monitored public private partnership (PPP) model will be the key to success in the sector. Towards a road map, let us zero in on primary and secondary healthcare systems and enumerate the challenges and the solutions. To achieve the vision of quality, affordable and accessible healthcare, particularly for the underprivileged, a multi-pronged approach is needed. There is a need to establish more primary and community health centres in rural areas, upgrade district hospitals to tertiary care standards, encourage private sector investment in underserved regions through PPPs and persuade and prompt corporates to adopt primary health centres or establish them and monitor them with government guidance.

More colleges

The country needs to enhance the number of medical and nursing colleges, especially in remote areas. It needs to introduce training programmes in basic nursing, advanced medical technologies and emergency care. There is an imminent urgency to retain medical and health talent through better working conditions and incentives. Apart from the regular nursing cadre, a mid-level support system has to be created with students trained in a diploma course after Plus Two. They will become the backbone of the centre. There is a need to focus on

preventive healthcare through health and wellness centres and induce heavy investment in sanitation, nutrition, and immunisation programmes to reduce the disease burden. Universal health coverage is a

A vision for healthcare in India

Good health is a fundamental human right and it is an attainable social goal



vital consideration in an impoverished country such as India and expanding the Ayushman Bharat-Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana to include a broader population base is without doubt a crucial initiative. India needs to see a significant and

sharp increase in government spending on healthcare to at least 2.5% of the GDP by 2025 (as per the National Health Policy, 2017). Health insurance coverage needs to be expanded rapidly to cover the informal sector. Out-of-pocket expenditure needs to be reduced drastically by regulating drug prices and promoting generic medicines. Promoting awareness campaigns

for lifestyle diseases, mental health, and substance abuse are urgent interventions, given the vast scale of problems in these domains. There is no second opinion that accredited social health activists and community health volunteers need to be empowered to act as the first line of care. Initiatives have to be taken to gurantee inter-sectore taken to gurantee inter-sectore collaboration among health, education, and sanitation departments. Given that it's the digital era, implementing the National Digital Urable Microsoft digital health

Health Mission to create digital health IDs and integrating healthcare systems, and leveraging AI, telemedicine and big data to address the rural-urban divide are vital for equal and easy access to healthcare.

equal and easy access to healthcare. India has great technical and technological competency and hence promoting domestic manufacturing under the "Make in India" initiative to reduce dependence on imports will help make the country self-reliant and self-dependent in healthcare, reducing dramatically sky-rocketing healthcare costs, which rise especially in the wake of imports. This in the wake of imports. This endeavour will further get buttressed by scaling up research and development for vaccines, biotechnology, and indigenous

innovations

India needs to focus on the establishment of innovation hubs for affordable medical solutions that are vital in a country with a huge population, expand telemedicine services to remote regions as people may not be able to travel long distances owing to a variety of factors such as high costs, non-availability of transport infrastructure or broken roads or deep inaccessibility, simply put. And in the era of mass disease, we have to strengthen epidemiological research to prepare for future pandemics.

The National Health Policy, 2017 needs to be effectively strengthened. There has to be greater enforcement of accountability through data-driven decision-making and there is an urgent need to promote decentralised governance to empower local healthcare providers.

While executing initiatives to improve healthcare in the country, India needs to have key performance indicators. What will they be? There has to be further reduction in maternal and infant mortality rates and enhancement in life expectancy, massive upgrade of health infrastructure in underserved regions and enhanced financial protection for the economically weak. If a country can fulfil these objectives and meet these goals, we can surely say that performance on health indicators is positive and that a country will develop well. A robust and resilient healthcare

system is key to India's economic growth and social well-being. By addressing gaps and implementing innovative solutions, India can achieve a healthcare model that is inclusive, sustainable and futuristic.

The author is the founder & managing trustee of Sankara Eye Foundation India





The Hindu • 05 Jan • Ministry of Ayush

Villages will play a key role in realising dream of Viksit Bharat, says Prime Minister

8 • PG

292 • Sqcm

317976 • AVE

956.08K • Cir

Top Right

Hyderabad

Villages will play a key role in realising dream of Viksit Bharat, says Prime Minister

The Hindu Bureau NEW DELHI

In a dig at the Opposition, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Saturday said that "some people" were working to "weaken the social fabric" of the nation by trying to "spread poison in society in the name of caste", as he inaugurated the Grameen Bharat Mahotsav, 2025 at Bharat Mandapam in New Delhi.

With the Congress and other Indian National Developmental, Inclusive Alliance (INDIA) bloc parties raising the pitch on their demand for a nation-wide caste census since the results of the Lok Sabha elections were announced, Mr. Modi said these "conspiracies" had to be thwarted so that the common heritage of villages could be "preserved and strengthened".

Stating that his government had been consistently in service of rural India since 2014, he highlighted a host of schemes and programmes that had benefited rural Indians in the past 10 years, and also cited a recent study by the State Bank of India to say that rural poverty had dropped below 5% in 2024, compared with 26% in 2012, and that his government was closing the urban-rural gap in consumption.

Mr. Modi said that under his government, toilets had been made a part of the Swachh Bharat Mission, crores of people in rural India had been given pucca houses as part of the PM



Empowering rural areas: Prime Minister Narendra Modi visiting a stall at Grameen Bharat Mahotsav in New Delhi on Saturday. ANI

Awas Yojana, safe and clean drinking water was reaching people through the Jal Jeevan Mission, and healthcare facilities were being provided via more than 1.5 lakh 'Ayushman Arogya Mandirs'.

"For the first time since Independence, the expenditure on food in rural areas has fallen below 50%, and they are now spending on other desires and needs, improving their quality of life," he said, quoting a "recent large-scale survey".

'Deprived of necessities' He said that these were achievements that previous governments could have made "but for decades after Independence, lakhs of villages were deprived of basic necessities".

During his speech, Mr. Modi highlighted the importance of creating economic policies to strengthen the rural economy.

Inaugurating the Grameen Bharat Mahotsav, which will be held from January 4 to 9 with a focus on enhancing rural infrastructure, creating self-reliant economies, and fostering innovation within rural communities, Mr. Modi said that his government had been centring the development of villages since 2014, adding that villages would play a key role in realising the dream of a Viksit Bharat by 2047.

The Mahotsav will celebrate rural India's "entrepreneurial spirit and cultural heritage", a statement from the Prime Minister's Office said, adding that its theme this year was "Building a resilient rural India for a Viksit Bharat, 2047" with a motto of "Nation will progress when villages do".

It will see various discussions, workshops, and masterclasses being conducted to enhance rural infrastructure, create self-reliant economies, and foster innovation in rural communities with a special focus on empowering rural women through entrepreneurship.





Yugmarg • 05 Jan • Ministry of Ayush Free dialysis facility will be available with Ayushman card

3 • PG

504 • Sqcm

104270 • AVE

185K • Cir

Top Center

Chandigarh

Free dialysis facility will be available with Ayushman card MLA Jagmohan Anand inaugurates the dialysis unit

SHIV KUMAR SHARMA KARNAL, JAN 4

MLA Jagmohan Anand today inaugurated the dialysis unit

set up by the Dis-trict BJP Medical Cell and Gajraj Hospital. On this occasion, the MLA said that dialysis facilities have started in the field of health, which will benefit the people of Karnal a lot. In this dialysis center, patients with Ayushman card will be given free dialysis facility. Along with this, the rest of the public will get this fa-

cility at affordable prices.

On this occasion, the MLA said that today everyone needs good health services. Dialysis is also one of these services. I thank Gajraj Hospital for providing dialysis facilities, and also hope that this hospital will stick to its word and remain dedicated to public service. they treat him properly.

On this occasion, Dr. Mukesh said that our Gajraj Hospital is always ready for public service and public wel-



MLA Jagmohan Anand, while wishing the New Year, said that the people of Karnal should remain happy and healthy. I will pray to God that if any patient comes here, fare. Dialysis unit is very important for kidney patients. In our hospital, various facilities are provided by Ayushman Bharat with good quality for free. Apart from this, other people will be given these facilities of dialysis at 50 percent less rates.

On this occasion, District Media Incharge and State Ex-

ecutive Member of BJP Medical Cell Dr. Ashok Kumar, District Coordinator Dr. Amit Kumar, Co-ordinator Dr. Mahendra Pratap, General Secretary Dr. Vikram Tuteja, Urban **Division General Sec**retary Ajay Kashyap, Secretary Akash Arora, Dinesh Taneja. Rajesh Diwan and Gumbar. Naveen Chief Medical Officer Dr. Lokveer, Dr. Shubham Kaushik, Dr. Mukesh Kaushik, Dr. Anmol Shiv Arora, Dr.

Krantikar, KPS Babbar, Yad Ram, Rakesh Kaushik, Parvinder Kumar, Dr. Sanjay Kumar, Somnath Tanwar were present.





Navbharat Times • 05 Jan • Ministry of Ayush Ayuved Sanshtan ki adharshila rakhnge 1 • PG 40 • Sqcm 78126 • AVE 2.68M • Cir Middle Right Delhi





Online Coverage

No	Portal Name	Headline (Incorporated with URL)	Reach
1.	ABP Live	यूपी में देर रात दो IPS अफसरों का तबादला, DIG वैभव कृष्ण को प्रयागराज महाकुंभ की	85.9M
2.	Dainik Bhaskar	सरकार ने दी राहत; बी.एससी नर्सिंग इन आयुर्वेद वालों का काउंसिल में 'पंजीकरण" हो	66.5M
3.	हिन्दुस्तान(Live Hindustan)	सीए से विधायक ने की शिष्टाचार भेंट, सौंपा मांगों का पत्रक	64.8M
4.	अमर उजाला (Amar ujala)	प्लास्टिक से होने वाली बीमारियां से किया जागरूक	63.8M
5.	Dainik Jagran	Jammu Kashmir News: रिक्त पड़े हैं स्वास्थ्य विभाग में कई अहम पद, प्रभारियों से	40.5M
6.	Prokerala.com	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote "heal in I	13M
7.	Investing India	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	10.6M
8.	Punjabkesari	UP में दो IPS अफसरों का तबादला, DIG वैभव कृष्ण को मिली प्रयागराज महाकुंभ की जिम्	7M
9.	The Tribune India	Patients not getting Ayushman, Himcare benefits	7M
10.	PIB	Ayurveda"s Next Big leap: Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi lays the foundation.	5.4M
11.	Janta Se Rishta	Himachal: मरीजों को नहीं मिल रहा आयुष्मान, हिमकेयर का लाभ	3.8M
12.	Daijiworld	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	3M
13.	Dainik Bhaskar	स्वास्थ्य/चिकित्सा: दिल्ली में 185 करोड़ रुपये की लागत से बनेगा केंद्रीय आयुर्वे	926.1K
14.	Social News XYZ	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	415.2K
15.	Live Vns	प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी ने रोहिणी में आयुर्वेद अनुसंधान संस्थान के नए भवन की	382.1K
16.	Sakshipost EN	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	160.8K
17.	Ommcom News	Rs 185 Crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute In Delhi To Promote 'Heal In In	133.2K
18.	United News Of India	मोदी ने रोहिणी में केंद्रीय आयुर्वेद अनुसंधान संस्थान के भवन की आधारशिला रखी	99K
19.	United News Of India	मोदी ने रोहिणी में केंद्रीय आयुर्वेद अनुसंधान संस्थान के भवन की आधारशिला रखी	99K
20.	Lokmattimes.com	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	94.3K
21.	Bhaskar Live	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	46.5K
22.	The Rahnuma Daily	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	40.1K
23.	lans Live	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	32.1K
24.	Insamachar	प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी ने नई दिल्ली के रोहिणी में केंद्रीय आयुर्वेद अनुसंधान	12K
25.	Hi INDiA	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	2.4K
26.	Hind Ekta Times	दिल्ली में 185 करोड़ रुपये की लागत से बनेगा केंद्रीय आयुर्वेद अनुसंधान संस्थान :	N/A





27.	Khair News	दिल्ली में 185 करोड़ रुपये की लागत से बनेगा केंद्रीय आयुर्वेद अनुसंधान संस्थान :	N/A
28.	Insightonlinenews	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	N/A
29.	Insightonlinenews	मोदी ने रोहिणी में केंद्रीय आयुर्वेद अनुसंधान संस्थान के भवन की आधारशिला रखी	N/A
30.	Thip Media	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	N/A
31.	Newspoint	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote "heal in I	N/A
32.	India Online Mart	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	N/A
33.	Nation Press	Prime Minister Modi Unveils Rs 185 Crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in	N/A
34.	Sakshi Post	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	N/A
35.	Thefreedompress	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	N/A
36.	Today India News	Rs 185 crore Central Ayurveda Research Institute in Delhi to promote 'heal in In	N/A
37.	Udaipur Kiran	Anantnag, August 10 (Udaipur Kiran): A gunfight broke out between security force	N/A
38.	Newzfatafat	प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी ने रोहिणी में आयुर्वेद अनुसंधान संस्थान के नए भवन की	N/A
39.	Tripurastar News	Prime Minister Narendra Modi Lays The Foundation Stone For The New Building For	N/A
40.	Samachar Varta	₹ करोड़ की लागत से रोहिणी में बनेगा आयुर्वेदिक अनुसंधान केंद्र	N/A
41.	Mid Day Online	Himachal: Patients are not getting the benefits of Ayushman and Himcare	N/A
42.	Vishwatmaklokswamivarta		N/A

